



Upgrading of pyrolysis oil for application in standard refineries

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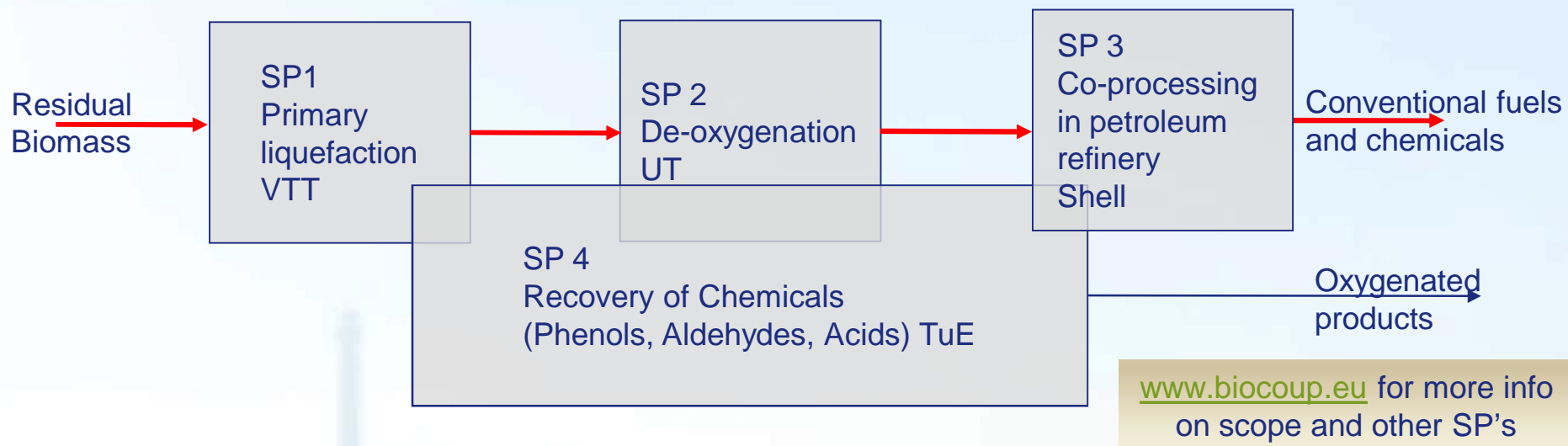
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Goal SP2:

Development of de-oxygenation technology for pyrolysis oil (derived) liquids

- Catalyst development (BIC), screening (RUG, TKK), support testing (Albemarle)
- Product research (RUG, UT)
- Reactor development (UT, BTG)
- Process development (BTG, UT)
- Analysis feed stock and products (VTT, vTI, RUG)
- Oil production and demonstration at PDU scale (BTG, UT)



Advantages of pyrolysis oil:

- low ash content
- 'high' energy density (biomass)



Left wood;
Right pyrolysis oil
Both 1 MJ

(Photo BTG)

Why upgrading: negative sides of pyrolysis oil

- high acidity/reactivity pyrolysis oil
- tendency of considerable char formation (blocking, catalyst poisoning)
- high oxygen and water content
- miscibility problems conventional feeds

Technologies studied in SP2- BIOCoup

HPTT: High Pressure Thermal Treatment 200-400 °C; 1-20 minutes; 50-200 bar

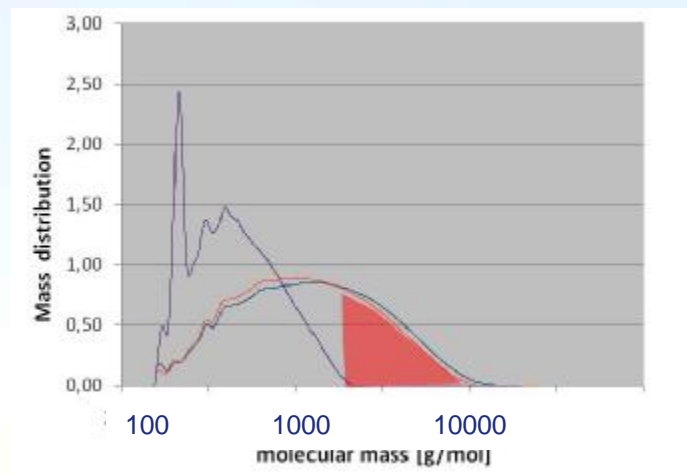
DCO: Catalytic Decarboxylation = HPTT + catalyst

HDO: Hydrodeoxygenation = DCO + Hydrogen 15 min-4 hours ↓

- + Phase separation: oil, aqueous, gas
- + Deoxygenation to ~ 25wt% O (dry oil basis) possible
- + Substantial energy densification (up to a factor of 2)

rapid! Increase Mw

Likely cause: Polymerization of 'sugars' in pyrolysis oil
 This will complicate hydrodeoxygenation/co-processing

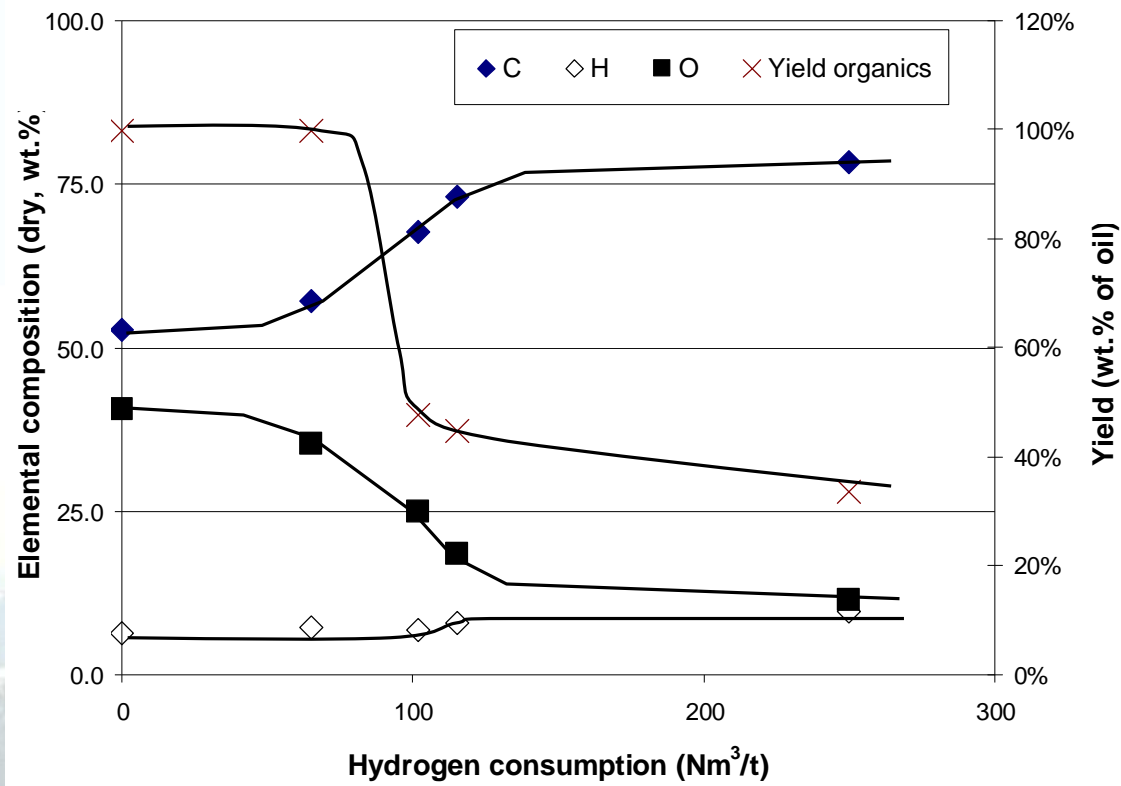


High Molecular Mass formed during HPTT (minimum)

Increase of molecular weight: more so with severity



DCO similar to HPTT with respect to decarboxylation and polymerization



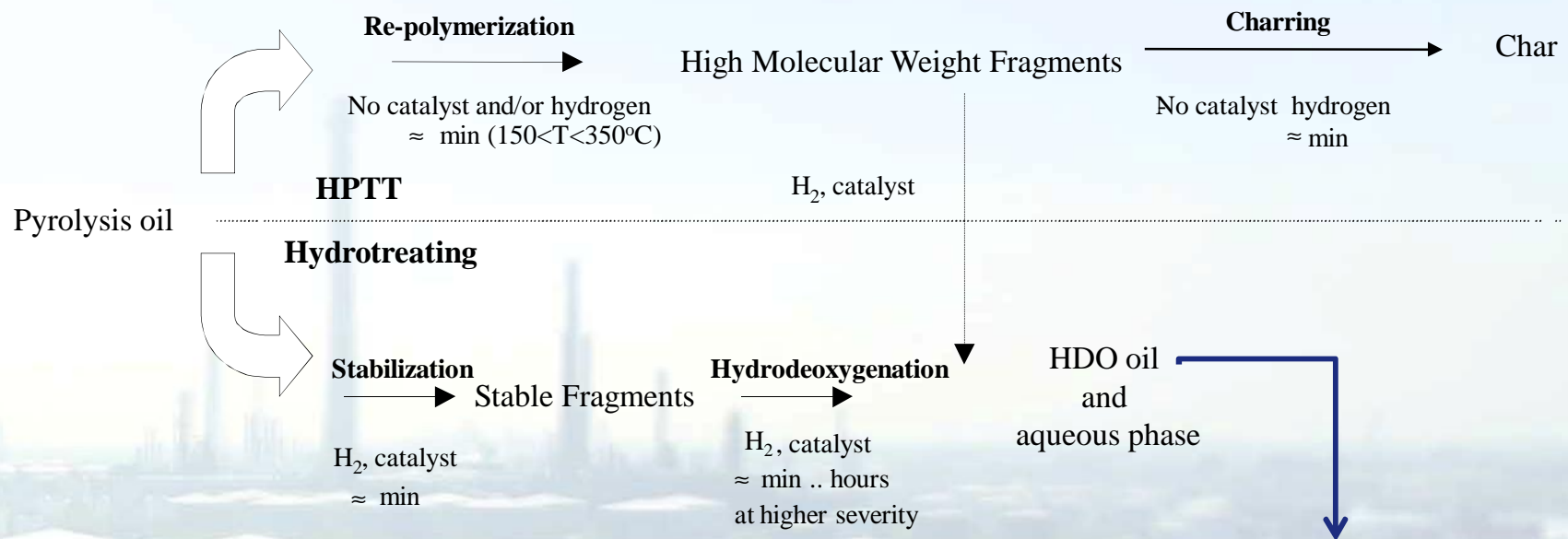
Data BTG/RUG (packed bed)

Increasing severity (T , τ):

- Higher H₂ consumption (150-800 NL/kg feed)
- Higher deoxygenation (<10-40wt% O in dry remaining)
- HDO oil yield ~ 40wt%, decreases with severity
- No (substantial) increase in Mw

Remaining aqueous phase can be used for chemicals extraction (acids: SP4) or hydrogen production

Parallel HDO vs Repolymerization reactions



Adapted figure from BTG/RUG

Tested in lab scale refinery units (SP3)
Feed back to SP2

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